30-Jan.-2024 (Evening) : PCM

Section - A (Single Correct Answer)

1.	Consider the system of linear equations $x + y + z = 5$, $x + 2y + \lambda^2 z = 9$, $x + 3y + \lambda z = q$, where λ , $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$.
	Then, which of the following statement is NOT correct?

- (A) System has infinite number of solution if $\lambda = 1$ and $\mu = 13$
- (B) System is inconsistent if $\lambda = 1$ and $\mu \neq 13$

MATHEMATICS

- (C) System is consistent if $\lambda \neq 1$ and $\mu = 13$
- (D) System has unique solution if $\lambda \neq 1$ and $\mu \neq 13$
- 2. For α , $\beta \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, let $3\sin(\alpha + \beta) = 2\sin(\alpha \beta)$ and a real number k be such that $\tan \alpha = k \tan \beta$. Then the value of k is equal to :
 - (A) $-\frac{2}{3}$ (B) -5 (C) $\frac{2}{3}$ (D) 5
- 3. Let $A(\alpha, 0)$ and $B(0, \beta)$ be the points on the line 5x + 7y = 50. Let the point P divide the line segment AB internally in the ratio 7:3. Let 3x 25 = 0 be a directrix of the ellipse $E: \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ and the corresponding focus be S. If from S, the perpendicular on the x-axis passes through P, then the length of the latus rectum of E is equal to
 - (A) $\frac{25}{3}$ (B) $\frac{32}{9}$ (C) $\frac{25}{9}$ (D) $\frac{32}{5}$
- 4. Let $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \alpha \hat{j} + \beta \hat{k}$, $\alpha, \beta \in R$. Let a vector \vec{b} be such that the angle between \vec{a} and \vec{b} is $\frac{\pi}{4}$ and $\left|\vec{b}\right|^2 = 6$.

If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 3\sqrt{2}$, then the value of $(\alpha^2 + \beta^2) |\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|^2$ is equal to

- (A) 90 (B) 75 (C) 95 (D) 85
- 5. Let $f(x) = (x + 3)^2 (x 2)^3$, $x \in [-4, 4]$. If M and m are the maximum and minimum values of f, respectively in [-4, 4], then the value of M m is :
 - (A) 600 (B) 392 (C) 608 (D) 108
- 6. Let a and b be be two distinct positive real numbers. Let 11th term of a GP, whose first term is a and third term is b, is equal to pth term of another GP, whose first term is a and fifth term is b. Then p is equal to
- (A) 20 (B) 25 (C) 21 (D) 24
- 7. If $x^2 y^2 + 2hxy + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is the locus of a point, which moves such that it is always equidistant from the lines x + 2y + 7 = 0 and 2x y + 8 = 0, then the value of g + c + h f equals
 - (A) 14 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 29

8.	Let \vec{a} and \vec{b} be two vect	for ssuch that $ \vec{b} = 1$ and $ \vec{b} $	$\times \vec{a} \mid = 2$. Then $\mid (\vec{b} \times \vec{a}) \mid \vec{b} = \vec{a}$	$ -\vec{b} ^2$ is equal to
	(A) 3	(B) 5	(C) 1	(D) 4
9.	Let $y = f(x)$ be a thrice d	lifferentiable function in (-5,	5). Let the tangents to	the curve $y = f(x)$ at $(1, f(1))$
	and $(3, f(3))$ make angles	$\frac{\pi}{6}$ and $\frac{\pi}{4}$, respectively with	positive x-axis. If $27\int_{1}^{3}$	$((f'(t))^2 + 1)f''(t)dt = \alpha + \beta\sqrt{3}$
	where α , β are equals			
	(A) -14	(B) 26	(C) -16	(D) 36
10.	Let P be a point on the	hyperbola $H: \frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$,	in the first quadrant	such that the area of triangle
	formed by P and the two	o foci of H is $2\sqrt{13}$. Then, the	he square of the distan	ce of P from the origin is
	(A) 18	(B) 26	(C) 22	(D) 20
11.		•	ns 3 white, 2 red balls.	One bag is selected at random gA, if the ball drawn in white
	(A) $\frac{1}{4}$	(B) $\frac{1}{9}$	(C) $\frac{1}{3}$	(D) $\frac{3}{10}$
12.	Let $f: R \to R$ be defined	$f(x) = ae^{2x} + be^{x} + cx$. If $f(0)$	$(0) = -1, f'(\log_e 2) = 2$	1 and $\int_{0}^{\log_{e} 4} (f(x) - cx) dx = \frac{39}{2}$,
	then the value of $ a + b $	+ c equals :		
	(A) 16	(B) 10	(C) 12	(D) 8
13.	Let $L_1 : \vec{r} = (\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) +$	$\lambda(\hat{i}-\hat{j}+2\hat{k}),\ \lambda\in R$		
	$L_2 : \vec{r} = (\hat{j} - \hat{k}) + \mu(3\hat{i} + \hat{j})$	$+ p\hat{k}$), $\mu \in R$ and		
	$L_1: \vec{r} = \delta(\ell \hat{i} + m\hat{j} + n\hat{k})\delta$	∈R		
	Be three lines such that I which lies on L_3 is	L_1 is perpendicular to L_2 and	L ₃ is perpendicular to	both L_1 and L_2 . Then the point
	(A) $(-1, 7, 4)$	(B) $(-1, -7, 4)$	(C) $(1, 7, -4)$	(D) $(1, -7, 4)$
14.	Let a and b be real consta	nts such that the function f de	fined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 3 \\ bx \end{cases}$	$3x + a$, $x \le 1$ be differentiable $+2$, $x > 1$
	on R. Then, the value of	$\int_{-2}^{2} f(x) dx \text{ equals}$		
	(A) $\frac{15}{6}$	(B) $\frac{19}{6}$	(C) 21	(D) 17
15.	Let $f: \mathbb{R} - \{0\} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a	function satisfying $f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) =$	$\frac{f(x)}{f(y)}$ for all x, y, $f(y)$	$\neq 0$. If f'(1) = 2024, then
	(A) $xf'(x) - 2024 f(x)$	= 0	(B) $xf'(x) + 2024 f$	$\Upsilon(\mathbf{x}) = 0$
	(C) $xf'(x) + f(x) = 202$		(D) $xf'(x) - 2023 f$	
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16. If z is a complex number, then the number of common roots of the equation

 $z^{1985} + z^{100} + 1 = 0$ and $z^3 + 2z^2 + 2z + 1 = 0$, is equal to :

(A)

(B) 2

- (C) 0
- (D) 3

17. Suppose 2 - p, p, $2 - \alpha$, α are the coefficient of four consecutive terms in the expansion of $(1 + x)^n$. Then the value of $p^2 - \alpha^2 + 6\alpha + 2p$ equals

(A) 4

- (B) 10
- (C) 8
- (D) 6

18. If the domain of the function $f(x) = \log_e \left(\frac{2x+3}{4x^2+x-3} \right) + \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{2x-1}{x+2} \right)$ is $(\alpha, \beta]$,

then the value of $5\beta - 4\alpha$ is equal to

(A) 10

(B) 12

(C) 11

(D) 9

19. Let $f: R \to R$ be a function defined $f(x) = \frac{x}{(1+x^4)^{1/4}}$ and g(x) = f(f(f(f(x)))) then $18 \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}}} x^2 g(x) dx$

- (A) 33
- (B) 36
- (C) 42
- (D) 39

20. Let $R = \begin{pmatrix} x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & z \end{pmatrix}$ be a non-zero 3×3 matrix, where

 $x \sin \theta = y \sin \left(\theta + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = z \sin \left(\theta + \frac{4\pi}{3}\right) \neq 0, \ \theta \in (0, 2\pi).$ For a square matrix M, let trace (M) denote

the sum of all the diagonal entries of M. Then, among the statements:

- (I) Trace (R) = 0
- (II) If trace (adj(adj(R)) = 0, then R has exactly one non-zero entry.
- (A) Both (I) and (II) are true

(B) Neither (I) nor (II) is true

(C) Only (II) is true

(D) Only (I) is true

Section - B (Numerical Value Type)

21. Let Y = Y(X) be a curve lying in the first quadrant such that the area enclosed by the line Y - y = Y'(x) (X - x)& the co-ordinate axes, where (x, y) is any point on the curve, is always $\frac{-y^2}{2V'(x)} + 1$, $Y'(x) \neq 0$.

If Y(1) = 1, then 12Y(2) equal .

22. Let a line passing through the point (-1, 2, 3) intersect the lines $L_1: \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z+1}{-2}$ at $M(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$ and

L₂:
$$\frac{x+2}{-3} = \frac{y-2}{-2} = \frac{z-1}{4}$$
 at N(a, b, c).

Then the value of $\frac{(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)^2}{(a+b+c)^2}$ equals _____.

- 23. Consider two circles C_1 : $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ and C_2 : $(x \alpha)^2 + y^2 = 16$, where $a \in (5, 9)$. Let the angle between the two radii (one to each circle) drawn from one of the intersection points of C_1 and C_2 be $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{63}}{8}\right)$. If the length of common chord of C_1 and C_2 is β , then the value of $(\alpha\beta)^2$ equals
- 24. Let $\alpha = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \left(\frac{\binom{n}{C_k}^2}{k+1} \right)$ and $\beta = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \left(\frac{\binom{n}{C_k} \binom{n}{C_{k+1}}}{k+2} \right)$. If $5\alpha = 6\beta$, then 'n' equals _____.
- 25. Let S_n be the sum to n-terms of an arithmetic progression 3, 7, 11,

If
$$40 < \left(\frac{6}{n(n+1)} \sum_{k=1}^{n} S_k\right) < 42$$
, then n equals _____.

- 26. In an examination of Mathematics paper, there are 20 questions of equal marks and the question paper is divided into three sections: A, B and C. A student is required to attempt total 15 questions taking at least 4 questions from each section.
 - If section A has 8 questions, section B has 6 questions and section C has 6 questions, then the total number of ways a student can select 15 questions is_____.
- 27. The number of symmetric relations defined on the set {1, 2, 3, 4} which are not reflexive is_____.
- 28. The number of real solutions of the equation $x(x^2 + 3|x| + 5|x 1 + 6|x 2|) = 0$ is
- 29. The area of the region enclosed by the parabola $(y-2)^2 = x 1$, the line x 2y + 4 = 0 and the positive coordinate axes is _____.
- 30. The variance σ^2 of the data

ĺ	Xi	0	1	5	6	10	12	17
	f_i	3	2	3	2	6	3	3

is _____.

PHYSICS

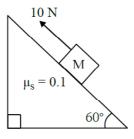
Section - A (Single Correct Answer)

- 31. If 50 Vernier divisions are equal to 49 main scale divisions of a travelling microscope and one smallest reading of main scale is 0.5 mm, the Vernier constant of travelling microscope is:
 - (A) 0.1 mm

(B) 0.1 cm

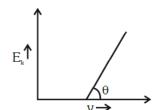
(C) 0.01 cm

- (D) 0.01 mm
- 32. A block of mass 1 kg is pushed up a surface inclined to horizontal at an angle of 60° by a force of 10 N parallel to the inclined surface as shown in figure. When the block is pushed up by 10 m along inclined surface, the work done against frictional force is : [g = 10 m/s^2]

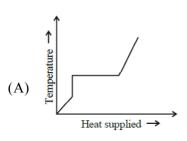


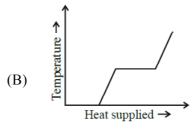
- (A) $5\sqrt{3}$ J
- (B) 5 J
- (C) $5 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- (D) 10 J

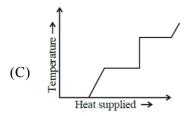
33. For the photoelectric effect, the maximum kinetic energy (E_k) of the photoelectrons is plotted against the frequency (v) of the incident photons as shown in figure. The slope of the graph gives

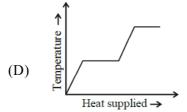


- (A) Ratio of Planck's constant to electric charge
- (B) Work function of the metal
- (C) Charge of electron
- (D) Planck's constant
- 34. A block of ice at -10° C is slowly heated and converted to steam at 100° C. Which of the following curves represent the phenomenon qualitatively:

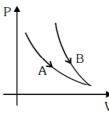








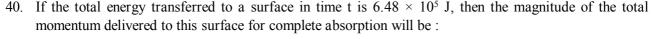
- 35. In a nuclear fission reaction of an isotope of mass M, three similar daughter nuclei of same mass are formed. The speed of a daughter nuclei in terms of mass defect ΔM will be:
 - (A) $\sqrt{\frac{2c\Delta M}{M}}$
- (B) $\frac{\Delta Mc^2}{3}$
- (C) $c\sqrt{\frac{2\Delta M}{M}}$
- (D) $c\sqrt{\frac{3\Delta M}{M}}$
- 36. Choose the correct statement for processes A & B shown in figure.



- (A) $PV^{\gamma} = k$ for process B and PV = k for process A.
- (B) PV = k for process B and A.
- (C) $\frac{P^{\gamma-1}}{T^{\gamma}} = k$ for process B and T = k for process A.
- (D) $\frac{T^{\gamma}}{P^{\gamma-1}} = k$ for process A and PV = k for process B.
- 37. An electron revolving in n^{th} Bohr orbit has magnetic moment μ_n . If $\mu_n \alpha n^x$, the value of x is:
 - (A) 2

- (B)
- (C) 3
- \mathbf{D}) 0
- 38. An alternating voltage $V(t) = 220 \sin 100 \pi t$ volt is applied to a purely resistive load of 50 Ω . The time taken for the current to rise from half of the peak value to the peak value is:
 - (A) 5 ms
- (B) 3.3 ms
- (C) 7.2 ms
- (D) 2.2 ms

39.		*	0	ven by $y = x^2/4$. If coefficient of be placed without slipping is:	f
	(A) $1/4 \text{ m}$	(B) $1/2 \text{ m}$	(C) $1/6 \text{ m}$	(D) $1/3 \text{ m}$	
40.	If the total energy	transferred to a surface	in time t is 6.48×10^5 J,	then the magnitude of the total	ιl



(A)
$$2.46 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg m/s}$$
 (B) $2.16 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg m/s}$ (C) $1.58 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg m/s}$ (D) $4.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg m/s}$

(A)
$$I_0/4$$
 (B) I_0 (C) $I_0/2$ (D) $I_0/8$

4.2 km/s

(D) 7.9 km/s

43. A particle of charge '
$$-$$
 q' and mass 'm' moves in a circle of radius 'r' around an infinitely long line charge of linear density ' $+\lambda$ '. Then time period will be given as: (Consider k as Coulomb's constant)

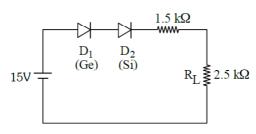
$$(A) \quad T = \frac{4\pi^2 m}{2k\lambda q} r^3 \qquad \qquad (B) \qquad T = 2\pi r \sqrt{\frac{m}{2k\lambda q}} \qquad (C) \qquad T = \frac{1}{2\pi r} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2k\lambda q}} \qquad (D) \qquad T = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{2k\lambda q}{m}}$$

44. If mass is written as
$$m = k c^P G^{-1/2} h^{1/2}$$
 then the value of P will be : (Constants have their usual meaning with k a dimensionless constant)

(A)
$$1/2$$
 (B) $1/3$ (C) 2 (D) $-1/3$

45. In the given circuit, the voltage across load resistance
$$(R_1)$$
 is:

(A) 11.2 km/s



- 46. If three moles of monoatomic gas $\left(\gamma = \frac{5}{3}\right)$ is mixed with two moles of a diatomic gas $\left(\gamma = \frac{7}{5}\right)$, the value of adiabatic exponent γ for the mixture is:
- 1.40 (A) 1.75 (B) (C) 1.52 (D) 1.35

The tensions T_1 and T_2 in the string are respectively:

^{48.} When a potential difference V is applied across a wire of resistance R, it dissipates energy at a rate W. If the wire is cut into two halves and these halves are connected mutually parallel across the same supply, the same supply, the energy dissipation rate will become:



List-I List-II

- A. Gauss's law of magnetostatics
- $I_{L} \qquad \oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{d}a = \frac{1}{\epsilon_{0}} \int \rho dV$
- B. Faraday's law of electro magnetic induction
- II. $\oint \vec{B} \cdot \vec{da} = -0$

C. Ampere's law

- III. $\oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{d}l = \frac{-d}{dt} \int \vec{B} \cdot \vec{d}a$
- D. Gauss's law of electrostatics
- $IV. \qquad \oint \vec{B} \cdot \vec{d}l = -\mu_0 I$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(A) A-I, B-III, C-IV, D-II

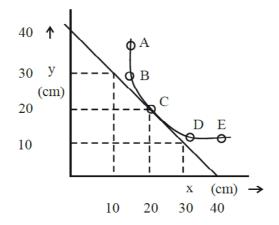
(B) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

(C) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I

- (D) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
- 50. Projectiles A and B are thrown at angles of 45° and 60° with vertical respectively from top of a 400 m high tower. If their ranges and times of flight are same, the ratio of their speeds of projection v_A : v_B is:
 - (A) 1:3
- (B) 2:
- (C) 1:2
- (D) 1:2

Section - B (Numerical Value Type)

- 51. A power transmission line feeds input power at 2.3 kV to a step down transformer with its primary winding having 3000 turns. The output power is delivered at 230 V by the transformer. The current in the primary of the transformer is 5A and its efficiency is 90%. The winding of transformer is made of copper. The output current of transformer is A.
- 52. A big drop is formed by coalescing 1000 small identical drops of water. If E_1 be the total surface energy of 1000 small drops of water and E_2 be the surface energy of single big drop of water, the E_1 : E_2 is x: 1 where x =______.
- 53. Two discs of moment of inertia $I_1 = 4 \text{ kg m}^2$ and $I_2 = 2 \text{ kg m}^2$ about their central axes & normal to their planes, rotating with angular speeds 10 rad/s & 4 rad/s respectively are brought into contact face to face with their axe of rotation coincident. The loss in kinetic energy of the system in the process is______J.
- 54. In an experiment to measure the focal length (f) of a convex lens, the magnitude of object distance (x) and the image distance (y) are measured with reference to the focal point of the lens. The y-x plot is shown in figure. The focal length of the lens is cm.



- 55. A vector has magnitude same as that of $\vec{A} = 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{j}$ and is parallel to $\vec{B} = 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$. The x and y components of this vector in first quadrant are x and 3 respectively where x =
- 56. The current of 5A flows in a square loop of sides 1m is placed in air. The magnetic field at the centre of the loop is $X\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-7}$ T. The value of X is___
- 57. Two identical charged spheres are suspended by string of equal lengths. The string make an angle of 37° with each other. When suspended in a liquid of density 0.7 g/cm³, the angle remains same. If density of material of the sphere is 1.4 g/cm³, the dielectric constant of the liquid is
- 58. A simple pendulum is placed at a place where its distance from the earth's surface is equal to the radius of the earth. If the length of the string is 4m, then the time period of small oscillations will be s. [take $g = \pi^2 \text{ ms}^{-2}$
- 59. A point source is emitting sound waves of intensity 16×10^{-8} Wm⁻² at the origin. The difference in intensity (magnitude only) at two points located at a distances of 2m and 4m from the origin respectively will be _____ $\times 10^{-8} \text{ Wm}^{-2}$.
- 60. Two resistance of 100 Ω and 200 Ω are connected in series with a battery of 4 V and negligible internal resistance. A voltmeter is used to measure voltage across 100 Ω resistance, which gives reading as 1 V. The resistance of voltmeter must be Ω .

CHEMISTRY

Section - A (Single Correct Answer)

- Which among the following purification methods is based on the principle of "Solubility" in two different 61.
 - (A) Column Chromatography

(B) Sublimation

(C) Distillation

- (D) Differential Extraction
- Salicylaldehyde is synthesized from phenol, when reacted with 62.

(B) CO₂, NaOH

(C) CCl₄, NaOH

- (D) HCCl₂, NaOH
- Given below are two statements: 63.
 - Statement I: High concentration of strong nucleophilic reagent with secondary alkyl halides which do not have bulky substituents will follow S_N^2 mechanism.
 - Statement II: A secondary alkyl halide when treated with a large excess of ethanol follows S_N1 mechanism.

In the hight of the above statements, choose the most appropriate from the questions given below.

- Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- Statement I is false but Statement II is true. (C)
- (C) Both statement I and Statement II are false.
- Both statement I and Statement II are true.
- m-chlorobenzaldehyde on treatment with 50% KOH solution yields. 64.

$$(A) \quad \bigodot_{Cl} \stackrel{OH}{\longleftarrow} \stackrel{O}{\longleftarrow} \\ (B) \quad \bigodot_{Cl} \stackrel{COO}{\longleftarrow} \\ + \quad \bigodot_{Cl} \stackrel{CH_2OH}{\longleftarrow} \\$$

$$(C) \qquad \bigodot_{OH} \qquad (D) \qquad \bigodot_{OH} \qquad COO \\ + \qquad \longleftrightarrow_{OH} \qquad CH_2OH$$

65. Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion A : H₂Te is more acidic than H₂S.

Reason R: Bond dissociation enthalpy of H₂Te is lower than H₂S.

In the light of the above statements. Choose the most appropriate from the options given below.

- (A) Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A.
- (B) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (C) A is false but R is true.
- (D) A is true but R is false.
- 66. Product A and B formed in the following set of reactions are:

$$B \xrightarrow{B_2H_6} CH_3 \xrightarrow{H^+/H_2O} A$$

(A)
$$A = \bigcirc CH_2OH$$
 $B = \bigcirc CH_2OH$
OH

(B)
$$A = \bigcirc CH_3$$
 $OH = \bigcirc CH_3$

(C)
$$A = \bigcirc CH_2OH \\ B = \bigcirc CH_3$$

(D)
$$A = \bigcirc CH_3$$
 $B = \bigcirc CH_3$

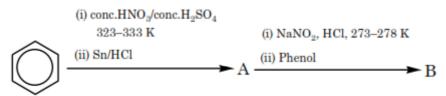
67. IUPAC name of following compound is

(A) 2-Aminopentanenitrile

(B) 2-Aminobutanenitrile

(C) 3-Aminobutanenitrile

- (D) 3-Aminopropanenitrile
- 68. The products A and B formed in the following reaction scheme are respectively.



(A)
$$Cl \longrightarrow NO_2$$
, $HO \longrightarrow NO_2$

(B)
$$\bigcap^{NH_2}$$
, \bigcap^{NH_2} OH

(C)
$$NH_2$$
 HO $N=N$

(D)
$$\bigcap^{NH_2}$$
, $\bigcap_{OH}^{N=N}$

- 69. The molecule/ion with square pyramidal shape is:
 - (A) $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$

(B) PCl₅

(C) BrF₅

- (D) PF₅
- The orange colour of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and purple colour of $KMnO_4$ is due to 70.
 - (A) Charge transfer transition in both.
 - $d \rightarrow d$ transition in KMnO₄ and charge transfer transitions in K₂Cr₂O₇.
 - $d \rightarrow d$ transition in $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and charge transfer transitions in $KMnO_4$.
 - $d \rightarrow d$ transition in both.
- Alkaline oxidative fusion of MnO₂ gives "A" which on electrolytic oxidation in alkaline solution produces B. A and B respectively are:
 - (A) Mn_2O_7 and MnO_4^{-1}

(B) MnO₄²⁻ and MnO₄⁻

(C) Mn₂O₃ and MnO₄²⁻

- (D) MnO_4^{2-} and Mn_2O_7
- If a substance 'A' dissolves in solution of a mixture of 'B' and 'C' with their respective number of moles 72. as n_A , n_B and n_C , mole fraction of C in the solution is :

 - $(A) \quad \frac{n_{_{C}}}{n_{_{A}} \times n_{_{B}} \times n_{_{C}}} \qquad (B) \quad \frac{n_{_{C}}}{n_{_{A}} + n_{_{B}} + n_{_{C}}} \qquad (C) \quad \frac{n_{_{C}}}{n_{_{A}} n_{_{B}} n_{_{C}}} \qquad (D) \quad \frac{n_{_{B}}}{n_{_{A}} + n_{_{B}}}$

- 73. Given below are two statements:
 - Statement I: Along the period, the chemical reactivity of the element gradually increases from group 1 to group 18.
 - Statement II: The nature of oxides formed by group 1 element is basic while that of group 17 elements is acidic.

In the the light above statements, choose the most appropriate from the questions given below.

- (A) Both statement I and Statement II are true.
- Statement I is true but Statement II is False. (B)
- (C) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
- Both Statement I and Statement II is false. (D)

- 74. The co-ordination geometry around the manganese in decacarbonyldimanganese(0).
 - (A) Octahedral

(B) Trigonal bipyramidal

(C) Square pyramidal

- (D) Square planar
- 75. Given below are two statements:

Statement-I: Since fluorine is more electronegative than nitrogen, the net dipole moment of NF_3 is greater than NH_3 .

Statement-II: In NH₃, the orbital dipole due to lone pair and the dipole moment of NH bonds are in opposite direction, but in NF₃ the orbital dipole due to lone pair and dipole moments of N–F bonds are in same direction.

In the light of the above statements. Choose the most appropriate from the options given below.

- (A) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
- (C) Both statement I and Statement II is are true.
- (D) Statement I is false but Statement II is are true.
- 76. The correct stability order of carbocations is

(A)
$$(CH_3)_3 C^+ > CH_3 - \overset{+}{C}H_2 > (CH_3)_2 \overset{+}{C}H > \overset{+}{C}H_3$$

(B)
$$\overset{+}{C}H_3 > (CH_3)_2 \overset{+}{C}H > CH_3 - \overset{+}{C}H_2 > (CH_3)_3 \overset{+}{C}$$

(C)
$$(CH_3)_3 \overset{+}{C} > (CH_3)_2 \overset{+}{C}H > CH_3 - \overset{+}{C}H_2 > \overset{+}{C}H_3$$

(D)
$$\overset{+}{C}H_3 > CH_3 - \overset{+}{C}H_2 > CH_3 - \overset{+}{C}H > (CH_3)C^+$$

 $\overset{+}{C}H_3$

- 77. The solution from the following with highest depression in freezing point/lowest freezing point is
 - (A) 180 g of acetic acid dissolved in water
 - (B) 180 g of acetic acid dissolved in benzene
 - (C) 180 g of benzoic acid dissolved in benzene
 - (D) 180 g of glucose dissolved in water
- 78. A and B formed in the following reactions are:

$$CrO_2Cl_2 + 4NaOH \rightarrow A + 2NaCl + 2H_2O$$

A + 2HCl + 2H₂O₂ \rightarrow B + 3H₂O

- (A) $A = Na_2CrO_4$
- $B = CrO_{s}$
- (B) $A = Na_{2}Cr_{2}O_{4}$,
- $B = CrO_4$
- (C) $A = Na_2Cr_2O_7$
- $B = CrO_{3}$
- (D) $A = Na_2Cr_2O_7$
- $B = CrO_{\varsigma}$
- 79. Choose the correct statements about the hydrides of group 15 elements.
 - A. The stability of the hydrides decreases in the order: $NH_3 > PH_3 > AsH_3 > SbH_3 > BiH_3$
 - **B.** The reducing ability of the hydrides increases in the order: NH₃ < PH₃ < AsH₃ < SbH₃ < BiH₃
 - C. Among the hydrides, NH, is strong reducing agent while BiH, is mild reducing agent.
 - **D.** The basicity of the hydrides increases in the order : $NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3 < BiH_3$

Choose the most appropriate from the option given below:

- (A) B & C only
- (B) C & D only
- (C) A & B only
- (D) A & D only



80. Reduction potential of ions are given below:

$$ClO_4^ IO_4^ BrO_4^-$$

 $E^{\circ} = 1.19 \text{ V}$ $E^{\circ} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ $E^{\circ} = 1.74 \text{ V}$

The correct order of their oxidising power is:

(A)
$$ClO_4^- > IO_4^- > BrO_4^-$$

(B)
$$BrO_4^- > IO_4^- > ClO_4^-$$

(C)
$$BrO_4^- > ClO_4^- > IO_4^-$$

(D)
$$IO_4^- > BrO_4^- > ClO_4^-$$

Section - B (Numerical Value Type)

81. Number of complexes which show optical isomerism among the following is

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{cis} - [\text{Cr}(\text{ox})_2 \text{Cl}_2]^{3-}, \ [\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}, \\ &\text{cis} - [\text{Pt}(\text{en})_2 \text{Cl}_2]^{2+}, \ \text{cis} - [\text{Co}(\text{en})_2 \text{Cl}_2]^{+}, \\ &\text{trans} - [\text{Pt}(\text{en})_2 \text{Cl}_2]^{2+}, \ \text{trans} - [\text{Cr}(\text{ox})_2 \text{Cl}_2]^{3-} \end{aligned}$$

82. NO₂ required for a reaction is produced by decomposition of N₂O₅ in CCl₄ as by equation,

$$2N_2O_{_{5(g)}} \rightarrow 4NO_{_{2(g)}} + O_{_{2(g)}}$$

The initial concentration of N_2O_5 is 3 mol L^{-1} and it is 2.75 mol L^{-1} after 30 minutes.

The rate of formation of NO₂ is $x \times 10^{-3}$ mol L⁻¹ min⁻¹, value of 'x' is ______

83. Two reactions are given below:

$$2Fe_{(s)} + \frac{3}{2}O_{2(g)} \longrightarrow Fe_2O_{3(s)}; \Delta H^{\circ} = -822 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$C_{(s)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{2(g)} \longrightarrow CO_{(g)}; \Delta H^{\circ} = -110 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

Then enthalpy change for following reaction,

$$3C_{(s)} + Fe_2O_{3(s)} \longrightarrow 2Fe_{(s)} + 3CO_{(s)}$$

84. The total number of correct statements, regarding the nucleic acids is . .

A. RNA is regarded as the reserve of genetic information.

B. DNA molecule self-duplicates during cell division

C. DNA synthesizes proteins in the cell.

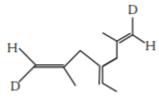
D. The message for the synthesis of particular proteins is present in DNA

E. Identical DNA strands are transferred to daughter cells.

85. The pH of an aqueous solution containing 1 M benzoic acid (pK $_a$ = 4.20) and 1 M sodium benzoate is 4.5.

The volume of benzoic acid solution in 300 mL of this buffer solution is _____ mL.

86. Number of geometrical isomers possible for the given structure is/are _____.



87. Total number of species from the following which can undergo disproportionation reaction

- 88. Number of metal ions characterized by flame test among the following is _____. $Sr^{2+},\,Ba^{2+},\,Ca^{2+},\,Cu^{2+},\,Zn^{2+},\,Co^{2+},\,Fe^{2+}$
- 89. 2-chlorobutane + $Cl_2 \rightarrow C_4H_8Cl_2$ (isomers)

 Total number of optically active isomers shown by $C_4H_8Cl_2$, obtained in the above reaction is _____.
- 90. Number of spectral lines obtained in He⁺ spectra, when an electron makes transition from fifth excited state to first excited state will be

• • •



JEE ADVANCED | JEE MAIN | NEET | OLYMPIADS | MHT-CET | FOUNDATION

30-Jan.-2024 (Evening) : PCM

MATHEMATICS

]	MATHEM	IATICS				
Single Ch	oice (Correct								
1.		D	2.	В	3.	D	4.	Α	5.	С
6.		C	7.	A	8.	В	9.	В	10.	C
10	l.	C	12.	D	13.	A	14.	D	15.	A
10	ó.	В	17.	Bonus	18.	В	19.	D	20.	В
Numerica	al Val	ue								
2	l.	20	22.	196	23.	1575	24.	10	25.	9
20	ó.	11376	27.	960	28.	1	29.	5	30.	29
					PHYS	ICC				
Cincle Ch	oiae (Compat			PHIS	105				
Single Ch		D	32.	В	33.	D	34.	D	35.	С
3.		A&C	37.	В	33. 38.	В	34. 39.	A	33. 40.	В
4.		A	42.	D	36. 43.	В	39. 44.	A	40. 45.	A
40		C	42. 47.	A	43. 48.	D	44. 49.	D D	50.	Bonus
Numerica		_	т/.	11	70.		77.	В	50.	Donus
5		45	52.	10	53.	24	54.	20	55.	4
50		40	57.	2	58.	8	59.	Bonus	60.	200
								_ 5		
					CHEMI	STRY				
Single Ch	oice (Correct								
63		D	62.	D	63.	D	64.	В	65.	В
60	ó.	В	67.	С	68.	С	69.	C	70.	Α
7.	l.	В	72.	В	73.	С	74.	Α	75.	В
70	5.	C	77.	A	78.	A	79.	C	80.	В
Numerica	al Val	ue								

492

4

88.

3

6

89.

100

90.

81.

86.

4

87.