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31-January-2023 (Morning Batch): JEE Main Paper

PHYSICS

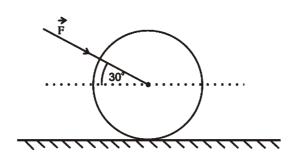
Section - A (Single Correct Answer)

- 1. A bar magnet with a magnetic moment 5.0 Am² is placed in parallel position relative to a magnetic field of 0.4 T. The amount of required work done in turning the magnet form parallel to antiparallel position relative to the field direction is _____.
 - (A) 4 J
- (B) 1 J
- (C) 2 J
- (D) Zero
- 2. If a source of electromagnetic radiation having power 15 kW produces 1016 photons per second, the radiation belongs to a part of spectrum is. (Take Planck constant $h = 6 \times 10^{-34}$ Js)
 - (A) Micro waves
- (B) Ultraviolet rays
- (C) Gamma rays
- (D) Radio waves
- 3. The amplitude of $15\sin(1000\pi t)$ is modulated by $10\sin(4\pi t)$ signal. The amplitude modulated signal contains frequency(ies) of
 - (A) 500 Hz
- (B) 2 Hz
- (C) 250 Hz
- (D) 498 Hz

(E) 502 Hz

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) A only
- (B) A, D and E only (C)
 - (C) B only
- (D) A and B only
- 4. As shown in figure, a 70 kg garden roller is pushed with a force of $\vec{F} = 200 \text{N}$ at an angle of 30° with horizontal. The normal reaction on the roller is (Given $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$)

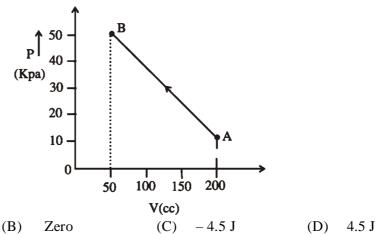


- (A) $800\sqrt{2}$ N
- (B) 600 N
- (C) 800 N
- (D) $200\sqrt{3}$ N
- 5. The initial speed of a projectile fired from ground is u. At the highest point during its motion, the speed of projectile is $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ u. The time of flight of the projectile is:
 - (A) u/2g
- (B) u/g
- (C) 2u/g
- (D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}u}{g}$
- 6. Spherical insulating ball and a spherical metallic ball of same size and mass are dropped from the same height. Choose the correct statement out of the following {Assume negligible air friction}
 - (A) Time taken by them to reach the earth's surface will be independent of the properties of their materials
 - (B) Insulating ball will reach the earth's surface earlier than the metal ball
 - (C) Both will reach the earth's surface simultaneously
 - (D) Metal ball will reach the earth's surface earlier than the insulating ball.

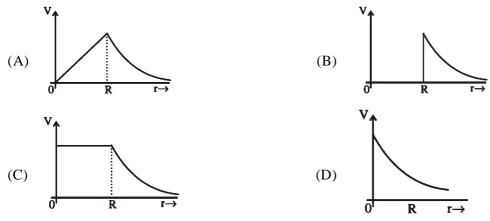
- 7. A free neutron decays into a proton but a free proton does not decay into neutron. This is because
 - (A) neutron is an uncharged particle
 - (B) proton is a charged particle
 - (C) neutron is a composite particle made of a proton and an electron
 - (D) neutron has larger rest mass than proton
- 8. The effect of increase in temperature on the number of electrons in conduction band (n_e) and resistance of a semiconductor will be as:
 - (A) Both n and resistance decrease
- (B) Both n_e and resistance increase
- (C) n_e increases, resistance decreases
- (D) n_a decreases, resistance increases
- 9. The maximum potential energy of a block executing simple harmonic motion is 25 J. A is amplitude of oscillation. At A/2 the kinetic energy of the block is
 - (A) 37.5 J

(A) 6 J

- (B) 9.75 J
- (C) 18.75 J
- (D) 12.5 J
- 10. The pressure of a gas changes linearly with volume from A to B as shown in figure. If no heat is supplied to or extracted from the gas then change in the internal energy of the gas will be



11. Which of the following correctly represents the variation of electric potential (V) of a charged spherical conductor of radius (R) with radial distance (r) from the centre?



12. Given below are two statements: One is labelled as **Assertion A** and the other is labelled as **Reason R Assertion A**: The beam of electrons shows wave nature and exhibit interference and diffraction.

Reason R: Davisson Germer Experimentally verified the wave nature of electrons.

In the light of the above statements. Choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below

- (A) A is correct but R is not correct
- (B) A is not correct but R is correct
- (C) Both A and R are correct but R is Not the correct explanation of A
- (D) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A

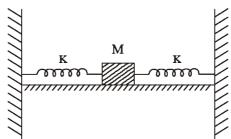
	secti	section. The applied voltage remains same. The new drift velocity of electrons will be							
	(A)	V_d	(B)	$\frac{V_d}{2}$	(C)	$\frac{V_d}{4}$	(D)	$2V_d$	
14.	At a certain depth "d" below surface of earth, value of acceleration due to gravity becomes four times that of its value at a height $3R$ above earth surface. Where R is Radius of earth (Take $R=6400$ km). The depth d is equal to								
	(A)	5260 km	(B)	640 km	(C)	2560 km	(D)	4800 km	
15.	If 10	00 droplets of water	of surfa	ace tension 0.07 N/n	m. havi	ng same radius 1 n	nm eac	h, combine to from a	
	single drop. In the process the released surface energy is- $\left(\text{Take }\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$								
				$7.92\times10^{-4}J$			(D)	$8.8 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{J}$	
16.	insul wind	ated wire. If a curre	ent of 0.	4 A flows in the wi	ire win	dings, the total ma	gnetic	with 400 turns of an flux produced inside neability of vacuum	
	(A)	12.5	(B)	32/5	(C)	125	(D)	5/16	
17.	The	correct relation betw	veen γ =	$\frac{C_p}{c_v}$ and temperature	ıre T is	::			
	(A)	$\gamma \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}}$	(B)	$\gamma \propto T^0$	(C)	$\gamma \propto \frac{1}{T}$	(D)	$\gamma \propto T$	
18.	Two polaroide A and B are placed in such a way that the pass-axis of polaroids are perpendicular to each other. Now, another polaroid C is placed between A and B bisecting angle between them. If intensity of unpolarised light is I_0 then intensity of transmitted light after passing through polaroid B will be:								
	(A)	$\frac{I_0}{4}$	(B)	$\frac{I_0}{2}$	(C)	$\frac{I_0}{8}$	(D)	Zero	
19.		X_L and X_C represe wing is dimensionles:		ance, inductive rea	ectance	and capacitive rea	actance	. Then which of the	
	(A)	$RX_L X_C$	(B)	$\frac{R}{\sqrt{X_L X_C}}$	(C)	$\frac{R}{X_L X_C}$	(D)	$R\frac{X_L}{X_C}$	
20.	100 balls each of mass m moving with speed v simultaneously strike a wall normally and reflected back with same speed, in time t s. The total force exerted by the balls on the wall is								
	(A)	$\frac{100mv}{t}$	(B)	$\frac{200mv}{t}$	(C)	200 mvt	(D)	$\frac{mv}{100t}$	
				SECTIO	N - B				
21.	end.	The rod is cooled from	om 210 °	°C to 160 °C. After	coolin	g, a mass M is atta	ched at	d vertically from one the lower end of the f linear expansion of	

the rod are $2 \times 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2}$ and $2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$, respectively. The value of M is_____ kg.

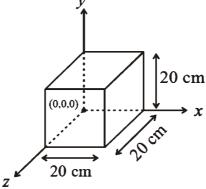
13. The drift velocity of electrons for a conductor connected in an electrical circuit is V_d . The conductor in now replaced by another conductor with same material and same length but double the area of cross

(Take $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

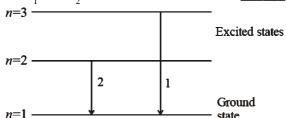
- 22. The speed of a swimmer is 4 km h^{-1} in still water. If the swimmer makes his strokes normal to the flow of river of width 1 km, he reaches a point 750 m down the stream on the opposite bank. The speed of the river water is _____km h^{-1}.
- 23. In the figure given below, a block of mass M = 490 g placed on a frictionless table is connected with two springs having same spring constant ($K = 2 \text{ N m}^{-1}$). If the block is horizontally displaced through 'X'm then the number of complete oscillations it will make in 14π seconds will be_____



- 24. In a medium the speed of light wave decreases to 0.2 times to its speed in free space The ratio of relative permittivity to the refractive index of the medium is x:1. The value of x is _____. (Given speed of light in free space = 3×10^8 m s⁻¹ and for the given medium $\mu_r=1$)
- 25. A solid sphere of mass 1 kg rolls without slipping on a plane surface. Its kinetic energy is 7×10^{-3} J. The speed of the centre of mass of the sphere is _____ cm s⁻¹.
- 26. An inductor of 0.5 mH, a capacitor of 20 μ F and resistance of 20 Ω are connected in series with a 220 V ac source. If the current is in phase with the emf, the amplitude of current of the circuit is \sqrt{x} A. The value of x is -
- 27. Expression for an electric field is given by $\vec{E} = 4000x^2\hat{i}\frac{V}{m}$. The electric flux through the cube of side 20 cm when placed in electric field (as shown in the figure) is ______ V cm.



- 28. A lift of mass M = 500 kg is descending with speed of 2 ms⁻¹. Its supporting cable begins to slip thus allowing it to fall with a constant acceleration of 2 ms⁻². The kinetic energy of the lift at the end of fall through to a distance of 6 m will be ____kJ.
- 29. For hydrogen atom, λ_1 and λ_2 are the wavelengths corresponding to the transitions 1 and 2 respectively as shown in figure. The ratio of λ_1 and λ_2 is x/32. The value of x is _____.



30. Two identical cells, when connected either in parallel or in series gives same current in an external resistance 5Ω . The internal resistance of each cell will be _____ Ω .

CHEMISTRY

Section - A (Single Correct Answer)

31. $Nd^{2+} =$ _____

- (A) $4f^2 6s^2$
- (B) $4f^4$
- (C) $4f^{3}$
- (D) $4f^4 6s^2$

32. The methods NOT involved in concentration of ore are

- A. Liquation
- **B.** Leaching
- C. Electrolysis
- **D.** Hydraulic washing

E. Froth floatation

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(A) B, D and C only

(B) C, D and E only

(C) A and C only

(D) B, D and E only

33. Consider the following reaction

Propanal + Methanal =
$$\xrightarrow{\text{(i)dil.NaOH}}$$
 Product B
 $\xrightarrow{\text{(iii)NaCN}}$ $(C_5H_8O_3)$

The **correct** statement for product B is. It is

- (A) optically active and adds one mole of bromine
- (B) racemic mixture and is neutral
- (C) racemic mixture and gives a gas with saturated NaHCO3 solution
- (D) optically active alcohol and is neutrall
- 34. The correct order of basicity of oxides of vanadium is

(A)
$$V_2O_3 > V_2O_4 > V_2O_5$$

(B)
$$V_2O_3 > V_2O_5 > V_2O_4$$

(C)
$$V_2O_5 > V_2O_4 > V_2O_3$$

(D)
$$V_2O_4 > V_2O_3 > V_2O_5$$

35. When Cu²⁺ ion is treated with KI, a white precipitate, X appears in solution. The solution is titrated with sodium thiosulphate, the compound Y is formed. X and Y respectively are

(A)
$$X = Cu_2I_2$$

$$Y = Na_2S_4O_5$$

(B)
$$X = Cu_2I_2$$

$$Y = Na_2S_4O_6$$

(C)
$$X = CuI_2$$

$$Y = Na_2S_4O_3$$

(D)
$$X = CuI_2$$

$$Y = Na_2S_4O_6$$

36.
$$\xrightarrow{\text{NO}_2} \text{NO}_2$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{H,/Pd} \atop \text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{OH}} [A] \xrightarrow{\text{(CH,CO),O} \atop \text{Pyridine}} [B]$$

(A)
$$CH_2$$
 CH_2

- 37. Cobalt chloride when dissolved in water forms pink colored complex X which has octahedral geometry. This solution on treating with conc. HCl forms deep blue complex, Y which has a Z geometry. X, Y and Z, respectively, are
 - (A) $X = [Co(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$, $Y = [CoCl_4]^{2-}$, Z = Tetrahedral
 - (B) $X = [Co(H_2O_6)]^{2+}, Y = [CoCl_6]^{3-}, Z = Octahedral$
 - (C) $X = [Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}, Y = [CoCl_6]^{3-}, Z = Octahedral$
 - (D) $X = [Co(H_2O)_4Cl_2]^+$, $Y = [CoCl_4]^{2-}$, Z = Tetrahedral
- 38. Identify X, Y and Z in the following reaction.

(Equation not balanced)

$$\stackrel{\bullet}{\text{ClO}}$$
+ $\stackrel{\bullet}{\text{NO}}_2 \rightarrow \underline{X} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \underline{Y} + \underline{Z}$

- (A) $X = ClONO_2$, Y = HOCl, $Z = NO_2$
- (B) $X = CINO_2$, Y = HCI, $Z = HNO_3$
- (C) $X = CIONO_2$, Y = HOCl, $Z = HNO_3$
- (D) $X = ClNO_3$, $Y = Cl_2$, $Z = NO_2$
- 39. The correct order of melting point of dichloro-benzenes is

$$(A) \quad \bigoplus_{Cl} \quad \sum_{Cl} \quad \sum_{Cl} \quad \sum_{Cl} \quad Cl$$

(B)
$$CI$$
 CI CI CI CI CI CI

(C)
$$C_{1}$$
 C_{1} C_{2} C_{3}

(D)
$$Cl > Cl > Cl$$

40. A protein 'X' with molecular weight of 70,000 u, on hydrolysis gives amino acids. One of these amino acid is

(D)
$$CH_3 - C - CH_2 - CH_2COOH$$

 NH_3

- 41. Which transition in the hydrogen spectrum would have the same wavelength as the Balmer type transition from n = 4 to n = 2 of He^+ spectrum.
 - (A) n = 2 to n = 1

(B) n = 1 to n = 3

(C) n = 1 to n = 2

(D) n = 3 to n = 4

42. Match items of column I and II.

Column-I (Mixture of compounds)

Column-II (Separation Technique)

- A. H₂O/CH₂Cl₂
 - OH OH
- C. Kerosene/Naphthalene
- D. $C_6H_{12}O_6/NaCl$

- ii. Differential solvent extraction
- iii. Column chromatography
- iv. Fractional distillation

Crystallization

i.

Correct match is:

- (A) A-(iii), B-(iv), C-(ii), D-(i)
- (C) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i)

- (B) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(ii), D-(iv)
- (D) A-(ii), B-(iv), C-(i), D-(iii)
- 43. The **correct** increasing order of the ionic radii is
 - (A) $Cl^{-} < Ca^{2+} < K^{+} < S^{2-}$

(B) $K^+ < S^{2-} < Ca^{2+} < Cl^{-}$

(C) $S^{2-} < Cl^{-} < Ca^{2+} < K^{+}$

(D) $Ca^{2+} < K^+ < Cl^- < S^{2-}$

- 44. H₂O₂ acts as a reducing agent in
 - (A) $2\text{NaOCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$
 - (B) $2Fe^{2+} + 2H^{+} + H_{2}O_{2} \rightarrow 2Fe^{3+} + 2H_{2}O$
 - (C) $Mn^{2+} + 2H_2O_2 \rightarrow MnO_2 + 2H_2O_1$
 - (D) $Na_2S + 4H_2O_2 \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + 4H_2O$
- 45. Which of the following artificial sweeteners has the highest sweetness value in comparison to cane sugar ?
 - (A) Aspartame

(B) Sucralose

(C) Alitame

(D) Saccharin

46. Match List I with List II.

	List I		List II
A.	XeF_4	I.	See saw
B.	SF_4	II.	Square planar
C.	$\mathrm{NH_4}^+$	III.	Bent T-shaped
D.	BrF_3	IV.	Tetrahedral

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(A) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

(B) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV

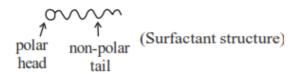
(C) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III

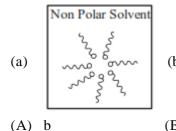
- (D) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III
- 47. Choose the **correct** set of reagents for the follo-wing conversion

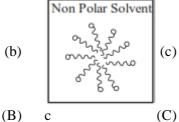
trans-(Ph-CH=CH-CH₃) $\rightarrow cis$ -(Ph-CH=CH-CH₃)

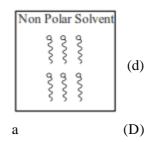
- (A) Br₂, alc. KOH, NaNH₂, Na(Liq. NH₃)
- (B) Br₂, alc. KOH, NaNH₂, H₂ Lindlar catalyst
- (C) Br₂, aq KOH, NaNH₂, H₂ Lindlar catalyst
- (D) Br₂, aq KOH, NaNH₂, Na(Liq. NH₃)

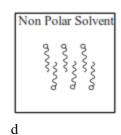
48. Adding surfactants in non-polar solvent, the micelles structure will look like











49. An organic compound 'A' with empirical formula C₆H₆O gives sooty flame on burning. Its reaction with bromine solution in low polarity solvent results in high yield of B. B is

(A) OH Br

B) CH₂CH₂Br

(C) Br CH₂CH₃

- (D) Br OH
- 50. Which one of the following statements is correct for electrolysis of brine solution?
 - (A) Cl, is formed at cathode

(B) O₂ is formed at cathode

(C) H₂ is formed at anode

(D) OH- is formed at cathode

SECTION - B

51. The logarithm of equilibrium constant for the reaction, $Pd^{2+} + 4Cl^{-} \Longrightarrow PdCl_{4}^{2-}$ is _____.

[Nearest integer]

Given:
$$\frac{2.303 \text{ RT}}{\text{F}} = 0.06 \text{ V}$$

$$Pd_{(aq)}^{2+} + 2e^{-} \Longrightarrow Pd(s); E^{\circ} = 0.83 \text{ V}$$

$$PdCl_4^{2-}(aq) + 2e^- \Longrightarrow Pd(s) + 4Cl^-(aq); E^0 = 0.65 V$$

52. $A \rightarrow B$

The rate constants of the above reaction at 200 K and 300 K are $0.03~\text{min}^{-1}$ and $0.05~\text{min}^{-1}$ respectively. The activation energy for the reaction is _____ J. [Nearest integer]

[**Given :**
$$\ln 10 = 2.3$$

$$R = 8.3 \ J \ K^{-1} \ mol^{-1}$$

$$\log 5 = 0.70$$

$$\log 3 = 0.48$$

$$\log 2 = 0.30$$

53. The enthalpy change for the conversion of

$$\frac{1}{2}Cl_2(g)$$
 to $Cl^-(aq)$ is (-) _____ kJ mol⁻¹.

[Nearest integer]

Given: $\Delta_{\text{dis}} H^{\circ}_{\text{Cl}_{2(a)}} = 240 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

$$\Delta_{\rm eg} H_{\rm Cl_{(a)}}^{\rm o} = -350 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta_{\rm hyd} H_{\rm Cl_{(a)}^-}^{\rm o} = -380 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

54. On complete combustion, 0.492 g of an organic compound gave 0.792 g of CO₂.

The % of carbon in the organic compound is _____.

[Nearest integer]

55. At 27° C, a solution containing 2.5 g of solute in 250.0 mL of solution exerts an osmotic pressure of 400 Pa. The molar mass of the solute is _____ g mol⁻¹.

[Nearest integer]

[**Given**: $R = 0.083 \text{ L bar } K^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$]

56. Zinc reacts with hydrochloric acid to give hydrogen and zinc chloride. The volume of hydrogen gas produced at STP from the reaction of 11.5 g of zinc with excess HCl is _____ L.

[Nearest integer]

[Given: Molar mass of Zn is 65.4 g mol⁻¹ and Molar volume of H_2 at STP = 22.7 L]

57. How many of the transformation given below would result in aromatic amines?

(A)
$$NH_2+Br_2+NaOH$$

(B)
$$\bigcap_{O} NK \longrightarrow^{C}$$

(C)
$$NO_2 H_2 \longrightarrow Pd/C$$

(D) NH COCH₃

$$\frac{\text{dil H}_2SO_4}{\Delta}$$

58. For reaction : $SO_2(g) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \Longrightarrow SO_3(g)$

 $K_p = 2 \times 10^{12}$ at 27°C and 1 atm pressure. The K_c for the same reaction is _____ × 10^{13}.

[Nearest integer]

[Given: $R = 0.082 \text{ L atm } K^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$]

- 59. The oxidation sate of phosphorus in hypophos-phoric acid is + _____.
- 60. The total pressure of a mixture of non-reacting gases X (0.6 g) and Y (0.45 g) in a vessel is 740 mm of Hg. The partial pressure of the gas X is _____ mm of Hg.

[Nearest Integer]

[**Given :** Molar mass $X = 20 \& Y = 45 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$]

61. If the maximum distance of normal to the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, b < 2, from the origin is 1, then the eccentricity of the ellipse is:

(A)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(B)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 (C) $\frac{1}{2}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

(C)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

(D)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

62. For all $z \in C$ on the curve $C_1 : |z| = 4$, let the locus of the point $z + \frac{1}{z}$ be the curve C_2 . Then

- (A) the curves C_1 and C_2 intersect at 4 points (B) the curves C_1 lies inside C_2 (C) the curves C_1 and C_2 intersect at 2 points (D) the curves C_2 lies inside C_1

63. A wire of length 20 m is to be cut into two pieces. A piece of length ℓ_1 is bent to make a square of area A_1 and the other piece of length ℓ_2 is made into a circle of area \mathbf{A}_2 . If $2\mathbf{A}_1+3\mathbf{A}_2$ is minimum then $(\pi\ell_1)$: ℓ_2 is equal to:

64. For the system of linear equations

$$x + y + z = 6$$

$$\alpha x + \beta y + 7z = 3$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 14,$$

which of the following is NOT true?

- (A) If $\alpha = \beta = 7$, then the system has no solution
- (B) If $\alpha = \beta$ and $\alpha \neq 7$ then the system has a unique solution.
- (C) There is a unique point (α, β) on the line x + 2y + 18 = 0 for which the system has infinitely many solutions
- (D) For every point $(\alpha, \beta) \neq (7, 7)$ on the line x 2y + 7 = 0, the system has infinitely many solutions.

65. Let the shortest distance between the lines $L: \frac{x-5}{-2} = \frac{y-\lambda}{0} = \frac{z+\lambda}{1}$, $\lambda \ge 0$ and $L_1: x+1=y-1=4-z$

be $2\sqrt{6}$. If (α, β, γ) lies on L, then which of the following is NOT possible ?

(A)
$$\alpha + 2\gamma = 24$$

(B)
$$2\alpha + \gamma = 7$$

(C)
$$2\alpha - \gamma = 9$$
 (D) $\alpha - 2\gamma = 19$

(D)
$$\alpha - 2\gamma = 19$$

66. Let y = f(x) represent a parabola with focus $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 0\right)$ and directrix $y = -\frac{1}{2}$.

Then $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : \tan^{-1} \left(\sqrt{f(x)} + \sin^{-1} \left(\sqrt{f(x) + 1} \right) \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$:

- (A) contains exactly two elements
- contains exactly one element (B)

(C) is an infinite set

(D) is an empty set

67. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 12 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$. Then the sum of the diagonal elements of the matrix $(A + I)^{11}$ is equal to:

- (A) 6144
- (B) 4094
- 4097 (C)
- (D) 2050

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- 68. Let R be a relation on N \times N defined by (a, b) R (c, d) if and only if ad(b c) = bc(a d). Then R is
 - (A) symmetric but neither reflexive nor transitive (B) transitive but neither reflexive nor symmetric
 - (C) reflexive and symmetric but not transitive (D)
 - symmetric and transitive but not reflexive
- 69. Let $y = f(x) = \sin^3 \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{2}} (-4x^3 + 5x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) \right) \right)$. Then, at x = 1,
 - (A) $2y' + \sqrt{3}\pi^2 y = 0$
- (B) $2y' + 3\pi^2 y = 0$ (C) $\sqrt{2}y' 3\pi^2 y = 0$ (D) $y' + 3\pi^2 y = 0$
- 70. If the sum and product of four positive consecutive terms of a G.P., are 126 and 1296, respectively, then the sum of common ratios of all such GPs is
 - (A) 7
- (C) 3
- (D) 14
- 71. The number of real roots of the equation $\sqrt{x^2 4x + 3} + \sqrt{x^2 9} = \sqrt{4x^2 14x + 6}$, is:
 - (A) 0
- (B)
- (C) 3
- 72. Let a differentiable function f satisfy $f(x) + \int_{-t}^{x} \frac{f(t)}{t} dt = \sqrt{x+1}$, $x \ge 3$. Then 12f(8) is equal to:
 - (A) 34
- (B)
- (C) 17
- 73. If the domain of the function $f(x) = \frac{[x]}{1+x^2}$, where [x] is greatest integer $\le x$, is (2, 6), then its range is
 - (A) $\left(\frac{5}{26}, \frac{2}{5}\right) \left\{\frac{9}{29}, \frac{27}{109}, \frac{18}{89}, \frac{9}{53}\right\}$
- (B) $\left(\frac{5}{26}, \frac{2}{5}\right)$
- (C) $\left(\frac{5}{37}, \frac{2}{5}\right] \left\{\frac{9}{29}, \frac{27}{109}, \frac{18}{89}, \frac{9}{53}\right\}$
- $(D) \quad \left(\frac{5}{37}, \frac{2}{5}\right]$
- 74. Let $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, and \vec{b} and \vec{c} be two nonzero vectors such that $|\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}| = |\vec{a} + \vec{b} \vec{c}|$ and $\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} = 0$. Consider the following two statements:
 - $|\vec{a} + \lambda \vec{c}| \ge |\vec{a}|$ for all $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - \vec{a} and \vec{c} are always parallel
 - (A) only (2) is correct
 - (B) neither (1) nor (2) is correct
 - (C) only (1) is correct
 - (D) both (1) and (2) are correct.
- 75. Let $\alpha \in (0, 1)$ and $\beta = \log_e(1 \alpha)$. Let $P_n(x) = x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n}$, $x \in (0, 1)$.

Then the integral $\int_{-1}^{\alpha} \frac{t^{50}}{1-t} dt$ is equal to

- (A) $\beta P_{50}(\alpha)$
- (B) $-(\beta + P_{50}(\alpha))$ (C) $P_{50}(\alpha) \beta$
- (D) $\beta + P_{50}(\alpha)$

76. If $\sin^{-1}\frac{\alpha}{17} + \cos^{-1}\frac{4}{5} - \tan^{-1}\frac{77}{36} = 0$, $0 < \alpha < 13$, then $\sin^{-1}(\sin \alpha) + \cos^{-1}(\cos \alpha)$ is equal to

(A) π

- B) 16
- (C) 0
- (D) 16-5
- 77. Let a circle C_1 be obtained on rolling the circle $x^2 + y^2 4x 6y + 11 = 0$ upwards 4 units on the tangent T to it at the point (3, 2). Let C_2 be the image of C_1 in T. Let A and B be the centers of circles C_1 and C_2 respectively, and M and N be respectively the feet of perpendiculars drawn from A and B on the x-axis. Then the area of the trapezium AMNB is:

(A) $2(2+\sqrt{2})$

- (B) $4(1+\sqrt{2})$
- (C) $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$
- (D) $2(1+\sqrt{2})$

- 78. (S1) $(p \Rightarrow q) \lor (p \land (\sim q))$ is a tautology
 - (S2) $((\sim p) \Rightarrow (\sim q)) \land ((\sim p) \lor q)$ is a contradiction.

Then

(A) only (S2) is correct

- (B) both (S1) and (S2) are correct
- (C) both (S1) and (S2) are wrong
- (D) only (S1) is correct
- 79. The value of $\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(2+3\sin x)}{\sin x (1+\cos x)} dx$ is equal to :
 - (A) $\frac{7}{2} \sqrt{3} \log_e \sqrt{3}$

(B) $-2 + 3\sqrt{3} + \log_e \sqrt{3}$

(C) $\frac{10}{3} - \sqrt{3} + \log_e \sqrt{3}$

- (D) $\frac{10}{3} \sqrt{3} \log_e \sqrt{3}$
- 80. A bag contains 6 balls. Two balls are drawn from it at random and both are found to be black. The probability that the bag contains at least 5 black balls is
 - $(A) \quad \frac{5}{7}$

(B) $\frac{2}{7}$

(C) $\frac{3}{7}$

(D) $\frac{5}{6}$

SECTION - B

- 81. Let 5 digit numbers be constructed using the digits 0, 2, 3, 4, 7, 9 with repetition allowed, and are arranged in ascending order with serial numbers. Then the serial number of the number 42923 is _____.
- 82. Let a_1 , a_2 ,, a_n be in A.P. If $a_5 = 2a_7$ and $a_{11} = 18$, then

$$12\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a_{10}} + \sqrt{a_{11}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a_{11}} + \sqrt{a_{12}}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a_{17}} + \sqrt{a_{18}}}\right) \text{ is equal to } \underline{\hspace{1cm}}.$$

83. Let θ be the angle between the planes $P_1 = \vec{r} \cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) = 9$ and $P_2 = \vec{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 15$. Let L be the line that meets P_2 at the point (4, -2, 5) and makes an angle θ with the normal of P_2 . If α is the angle between L and P_2 then $(\tan^2 \theta)(\cot^2 \alpha)$ is equal to_____.



- 84. Let $\alpha > 0$, be the smallest number such that the expansion of $\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{2}{x^3}\right)^{30}$ has a term $\beta x^{-\alpha}$, $\beta \in \mathbb{N}$. Then α is equal to_____
- 85. Let \vec{a} and \vec{b} be two vectors such that $|\vec{a}| = \sqrt{14}$, $|\vec{b}| = \sqrt{6}$ and $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = \sqrt{48}$. Then $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2$ is equal to _____.
- 86. Let the line L: $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+1}{-1} = \frac{z-3}{1}$ intersect the plane 2x + y + 3z = 16 at the point P. Let the point Q be the foot of perpendicular from the point R(1, -1, -3) on the line L. If α is the area of triangle PQR. then α^2 is equal to______.
- 87. The remainder on dividing 5⁹⁹ by 11 is _____.
- 88. If the variance of the frequency distribution is 3, then α is equal to _____

X _i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Frequency f _i	3	6	16	α	9	5	6

89. Let for $x \in R$

$$f(x) = \frac{x + |x|}{2}$$
 and $g(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x < 0 \\ x^2, & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$

Then area bounded by the curve y = (fog)(x) and the lines y = 0, 2y - x = 15 is equal to_____.

90. Number of 4-digit numbers that are less than or equal to 2800 and either divisible by 3 or by 11, is equal to_____.





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ANSWER KEY

Physics

Single Choice Correct											
	1.	A	2.	С	3.	В	4.	С	5.	В	
	6.	В	7.	D	8.	C	9.	C	10.	D	
	11.	C	12.	D	13.	A	14.	D	15.	В	
	16.	C	17.	В	18.	C	19.	В	20.	В	
Numerical Value											
	21.	60	22.	3	23.	20	24.	5	25.	10	
	26.	242	27.	640	28.	7	29.	27	30.	5	
	Chemistry										
	Sing	le Choice Co	rrect								
	31.	В	32.	C	33.	C	34.	A	35.	В	
	36.	D	37.	A	38.	C	39.	D	40.	В	
	41.	A	42.	C	43.	D	44.	A	45.	C	
	46.	D	47.	В	48.	C	49.	A	50.	D	
	Nun	nerical Value									
	51.	6	52.	2520	53.	610	54.	44	55.	62250	
	56.	4	57.	3	58.	1	59.	4	60.	555	
	Mathematics										
	Sing	le Choice Co	rrect								
	61.	В	62.	A	63.	A	64.	D	65.	A	
	66.	A	67.	C	68.	A	69.	В	70.	A	
	71.	В	72.	C	73.	D	74.	C	75.	В	
	76.	A	77.	В	78.	D	79.	C	80.	A	
	Numerical Value										
	81.	2997	82.	8	83.	9	84.	2	85.	36	
	86.	180	87.	9	88.	5	89.	72	90.	710	

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